

Exploring iron multivalency for symmetric aqueous redox flow batteries

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Introduction.

Symmetric redox flow batteries employ the same redox-active species in both reservoirs, intrinsically mitigating cross-contamination, pH and osmotic imbalances. However, this concept requires a species that can access at least three stable oxidation states within the aqueous electrochemical window.

Fe-clathrochelate & electrochemistry

Cyclic voltammetry of a water-soluble iron(IV) clathrochelate complex reveals two accessible and reversible one-electron redox processes, tentatively assigned to Fe. The ca. 1.0 V separation between both events provides the thermodynamic basis for a symmetric flow battery design.

One iron complex. Both electrolytes.

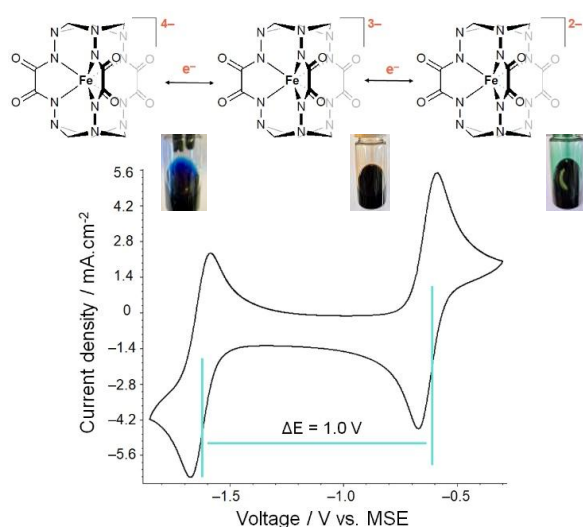


Figure 1. Cyclic voltammogram of 25 mM $[\text{FeL}]^{2-}$ (pH 9) at 100 $\text{mV}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ scan rate.

Electrochemical Highlights:

- Two reversible $1e^-$ processes;
- Both stable over 500+ cycles;
- $\Delta E = 1.0 \text{ V}$ between redox couples;
- Alkaline conditions (pH 9);
- No metal plating;
- Fast electron transfer kinetics.

Symmetric cell design and cycling.

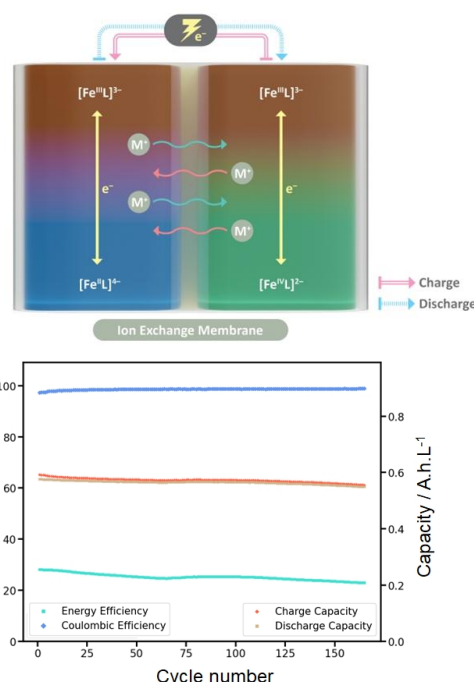


Figure 2. The working principle (top) and performance (bottom) of the all-iron RFB based on $[\text{Fe}^{\text{IV}}\text{L}]^{2-}$. In the discharge process: anodic reaction: $\text{Fe(II)} \rightarrow \text{Fe(III)}$, cathodic reaction: $\text{Fe(IV)} \rightarrow \text{Fe(III)}$. M^+ represents a cation within Na^+ , K^+ , NH_4^+ , NMe_4^+ , NEt_4^+ .

Proof-of-concept cell

- Stable cycling for 150+ cycles;
- $\text{CE} \approx 99\%$;
- Low parasitic hydrogen evolution.

Conclusion

Multivalent molecular iron chemistry enabled a symmetric aqueous RFB architecture, combining iron sustainability with crossover tolerance and mild alkaline working conditions.

References

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